

Abstract The purpose of this study was to determine whether there were differences in the prevalence of self-reported depression between men and women who had been exposed to violence by intimate partners. Data from the National Longitudinal Study of Women's Health are used. Results show that among women who reported being sexually abused by their current or former partner, 10% reported having experienced depression during the past year compared to 6% of those who did not report sexual abuse. Among women who reported physical abuse by their current or former partner, 17% reported experiencing depression during the past year compared to 8% of those who did not report physical abuse. These results suggest that exposure to violence by intimate partners is associated with higher rates of self-reported depression.

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SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
428	35.7	1/6/2006	RH
428	36.8	1/6/2006	RH
428	36.9	1/6/2006	RH
428	36.91	1/6/2006	RH
428	492	1/6/2006	RH
428	495	1/6/2006	RH
428	515	1/6/2006	RH
428	516	1/6/2006	RH
428	519	1/6/2006	RH
428	520	1/6/2006	RH
428	521	1/6/2006	RH
428	522	1/6/2006	RH

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Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
428	35.7	1/6/2006	RH
428	36.8	1/6/2006	RH

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